

State of Hawaii Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund

Financial Statements June 30, 2005

> Submitted by The Auditor State of Hawaii

State of Hawaii Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund Index

	Page(s)
Report of Independent Auditors	1–2
Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Assets	3
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets	4
Statement of Cash Flows	5
Notes to Financial Statements	6-13
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Cash Balance	14
Combining Statement of Net Assets	15
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets	16
Schedule of Expenses	17
Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	18–19
Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance with the Requirements Applicable to the Environmental Protection Agency's Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund Program in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	20–21



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Report of Independent Auditors

The Auditor State of Hawaii

We have audited the accompanying statement of net assets of the State of Hawaii, Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund (the "Fund") as of June 30, 2005, and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets, and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Fund's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 2, the financial statements referred to above include only the financial activities of the State of Hawaii, Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund, and are not intended to present fairly the financial position, results of operations, and cash flows of the State of Hawaii, Department of Health, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the State of Hawaii, Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund as of June 30, 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 28, 2005 on our consideration of the State of Hawaii, Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters.

The Fund's management has not presented the management's discussion and analysis for the year ended June 30, 2005 that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to supplement, although not to be a part of, the basic financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the Fund's financial statements. The supplementary information presented on pages 14 through 17 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the Fund's financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the Fund financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the Fund financial statements taken as a whole.

Procure of the Fund's financial statements and the Fund financial statements taken as a whole.

Honolulu, Hawaii October 28, 2005

State of Hawaii Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

Assets	
Current assets	
Cash held in State Treasury	\$ 14,727,422
Loan fees receivable	105,776
Accrued interest on loans	40,350
Other accrued interest	33,114
Due from other funds	275,000
Due from federal government	1,351,142
Current maturities of loans receivable	772,893
Total current assets	17,305,697
Loans receivable, net of current maturities	13,038,017
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$495,937	213,255
Total assets	\$ 30,556,969
Liabilities and Net Assets	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$ 64,780
Total current liabilities	64,780
Net assets	
Invested in capital assets	213,255
Restricted - expendable	30,278,934
Total net assets	30,492,189
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 30,556,969

State of Hawaii Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets Year Ended June 30, 2005

Interest income from loans \$ 181,344 Administrative loan fees 437,045 Total operating revenues 618,389 Operating expenses State program management 414,796 Administrative 343,695 Water protection 203,680 Small systems 97,500 Total operating expenses 1,059,671 Operating loss (441,282) Nonoperating revenues 1,611,000 State contributions 1,425,039 Other interest income 364,214 Other income 240 Total nonoperating revenues 3,400,493 Change in net assets 2,959,211 Net assets at July 1, 2004 27,532,978 Net assets at June 30, 2005 \$ 30,492,189	Operating revenues		
Total operating revenues 618,389 Operating expenses 414,796 State program management 414,796 Administrative 343,695 Water protection 203,680 Small systems 97,500 Total operating expenses 1,059,671 Operating loss (441,282) Nonoperating revenues 1,611,000 Federal contributions 1,425,039 Other interest income 364,214 Other income 240 Total nonoperating revenues 3,400,493 Change in net assets 2,959,211 Net assets at July 1, 2004 27,532,978	Interest income from loans	\$	181,344
Operating expenses State program management 414,796 Administrative 343,695 Water protection 203,680 Small systems 97,500 Total operating expenses 1,059,671 Operating loss (441,282) Nonoperating revenues 1,611,000 Federal contributions 1,425,039 Other interest income 364,214 Other income 240 Total nonoperating revenues 3,400,493 Change in net assets 2,959,211 Net assets at July 1, 2004 27,532,978	Administrative loan fees		437,045
State program management 414,796 Administrative 343,695 Water protection 203,680 Small systems 97,500 Total operating expenses 1,059,671 Operating loss (441,282) Nonoperating revenues 1,611,000 Federal contributions 1,425,039 Other interest income 364,214 Other income 240 Total nonoperating revenues 3,400,493 Change in net assets 2,959,211 Net assets at July 1, 2004 27,532,978	Total operating revenues	•	618,389
Administrative 343,695 Water protection 203,680 Small systems 97,500 Total operating expenses 1,059,671 Operating loss (441,282) Nonoperating revenues 1,611,000 Federal contributions 1,425,039 Other interest income 364,214 Other income 240 Total nonoperating revenues 3,400,493 Change in net assets 2,959,211 Net assets at July 1, 2004 27,532,978	Operating expenses		
Water protection 203,680 Small systems 97,500 Total operating expenses 1,059,671 Operating loss (441,282) Nonoperating revenues 1,611,000 State contributions 1,425,039 Other interest income 364,214 Other income 240 Total nonoperating revenues 3,400,493 Change in net assets 2,959,211 Net assets at July 1, 2004 27,532,978	State program management		414,796
Small systems 97,500 Total operating expenses 1,059,671 Operating loss (441,282) Nonoperating revenues 5tate contributions State contributions 1,611,000 Federal contributions 1,425,039 Other interest income 364,214 Other income 240 Total nonoperating revenues 3,400,493 Change in net assets 2,959,211 Net assets at July 1, 2004 27,532,978	Administrative		343,695
Total operating expenses 1,059,671 Operating loss (441,282) Nonoperating revenues 1,611,000 State contributions 1,611,000 Federal contributions 1,425,039 Other interest income 364,214 Other income 240 Total nonoperating revenues 3,400,493 Change in net assets 2,959,211 Net assets at July 1, 2004 27,532,978	Water protection		203,680
Operating loss (441,282) Nonoperating revenues 1,611,000 State contributions 1,611,000 Federal contributions 1,425,039 Other interest income 364,214 Other income 240 Total nonoperating revenues 3,400,493 Change in net assets 2,959,211 Net assets at July 1, 2004 27,532,978	Small systems		97,500
Nonoperating revenues State contributions 1,611,000 Federal contributions 1,425,039 Other interest income 364,214 Other income 240 Total nonoperating revenues 3,400,493 Change in net assets 2,959,211 Net assets at July 1, 2004 27,532,978	Total operating expenses		1,059,671
State contributions 1,611,000 Federal contributions 1,425,039 Other interest income 364,214 Other income 240 Total nonoperating revenues 3,400,493 Change in net assets 2,959,211 Net assets at July 1, 2004 27,532,978	Operating loss	·	(441,282)
Federal contributions 1,425,039 Other interest income 364,214 Other income 240 Total nonoperating revenues 3,400,493 Change in net assets 2,959,211 Net assets at July 1, 2004 27,532,978	Nonoperating revenues		
Other interest income 364,214 Other income 240 Total nonoperating revenues 3,400,493 Change in net assets 2,959,211 Net assets at July 1, 2004 27,532,978	State contributions		1,611,000
Other income 240 Total nonoperating revenues 3,400,493 Change in net assets 2,959,211 Net assets at July 1, 2004 27,532,978	Federal contributions		1,425,039
Total nonoperating revenues 3,400,493 Change in net assets 2,959,211 Net assets at July 1, 2004 27,532,978	Other interest income		364,214
Change in net assets 2,959,211 Net assets at July 1, 2004 27,532,978	Other income		240
Net assets at July 1, 2004 27,532,978	Total nonoperating revenues		3,400,493
	Change in net assets		2,959,211
Net assets at June 30, 2005 \$ 30,492,189	Net assets at July 1, 2004		27,532,978
	Net assets at June 30, 2005	\$ 3	30,492,189

State of Hawaii Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2005

Cash flows from operating activities		
Interest income from loans	\$	181,382
Administrative loan fees		436,054
Principal repayments on loans		730,131
Disbursement of loan proceeds		(941,992)
Personnel costs		(318,594)
Payments to vendors		(612,345)
Net cash flows used in operating activities		(525,364)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities		
State contributions		1,611,000
Federal contributions		1,283,844
Other income		240
Net advances to other funds		(55,000)
Net cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities		2,840,084
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Purchased equipment		(31,132)
Net cash flows used in capital and related financing activities		(31,132)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Other interest		335,728
Net cash flows provided by investing activities		335,728
Net increase in cash		2,619,316
Cash balance at July 1, 2004		12,108,106
Cash balance at June 30, 2005	\$	14,727,422
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities		
Operating loss	\$	(441,282)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss	•	(
Depreciation expense		166,356
Other		(89,581)
Change in assets and liabilities		
Loans receivables		(211,861)
Accrued interest on loans		38
Loan fees receivable		(991)
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities		51,957
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(525,364)

1. Establishment and Purpose of the Fund

The 1996 Amendments to the Safe Drinking Water Act (the "Act"), provide for the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") to make capitalization grants to states for the purpose of providing loans and other types of financial assistance to public water systems for drinking water infrastructure, including construction of public drinking water systems.

In 1997, the State of Hawaii ("State") Legislature established the Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund (the "Fund") to receive federal capitalization grants from the EPA. The Fund is administered by the Safe Drinking Water Branch, Environmental Management Division of the State of Hawaii, Department of Health (the "Department"). The Fund's primary purpose is to provide loans in perpetuity to public drinking water systems for the construction of drinking water treatment facilities. Such loans may be at or below market interest rates and must be fully amortized within twenty years, with the first repayment of principal and interest occurring no later than one year after the notice to proceed for construction or the final agreement date, whichever is later.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are intended to present the financial position, results of operations and cash flows of only that portion of the funds of the Department that is attributable to the transactions of the Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund and are not intended to present the financial position, results of operations or cash flows of the State of Hawaii, Department of Health.

The financial statements of the Fund are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") for proprietary funds. Accordingly, the Fund has adopted all GASB pronouncements, and all Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, which do not contradict or conflict with existing GASB pronouncements.

Revenues are reported when earned and expenses are reported when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services or goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The principal operating revenues of the Fund are interest income and administrative loan fees on loans made to county governments. Federal grants, state matching funds and interest income from sources other than loans are reported as nonoperating income.

Use of Estimates

In preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the

reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash in State Treasury

All monies of the Fund are held in the State Treasury. The State Director of Finance is responsible for the safekeeping of cash in the State Treasury in accordance with State laws. The Director of Finance may invest any monies of the State, which in the Director's judgment, are in excess of the amounts necessary for meeting the immediate requirements of the State. Effective August 1, 1999, cash is pooled with funds from other State agencies and departments and deposited into approved financial institutions or in the State Treasury Investment Pool System. Funds in the investment pool accrue interest based on the average weighted cash balances of each account.

The State requires that the depository banks pledge as collateral, government securities held in the name of the State for deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance.

Effective in fiscal 2005, the State was required to implement the disclosure requirements of GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures* ("Statement No. 40"). Statement No. 40 requires disclosures over common deposit and investment risks related to credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. Investments can be categorized by type, maturity and custodian to determine the level of interest rate, credit and custodial risk assumed by the Fund. However, since all of the Fund's monies are held in the State cash pool, the types of investments and related interest rate, credit, and custodial risks are not determinable at the fund level.

Loans Receivable

Loans made to the counties are funded by federal capitalization grants, State matching funds, repayments and investment interest income. Loan funds are disbursed to local agencies as they expend for the purposes of the loan, and request reimbursement from the Fund. Interest is calculated from the date that funds are advanced, and after the final disbursement has been made, the payment schedule identified in the loan agreement is adjusted for the actual amounts disbursed, and interest accrued during the project period.

Administrative Loan Fees

In May 2000, the Department implemented an administrative loan fee program to pay for the Fund's administration, including employee salaries and benefits. The administrative fee for all loans is 3.25% of the outstanding loan balance.

Capital Assets

Capital assets consist principally of equipment, and are recorded at cost, or if donated, at appraised value at the date of donation. Depreciation of capital assets is provided for on a straight-line basis (three to seven years) over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets.

Net Assets

The Fund's net assets are classified into two net asset categories:

 Invested in capital assets, net of related debt: Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

• Restricted expendable: Net assets whose use by the Fund are subject to externally-imposed stipulations that can be fulfilled by actions of the Fund pursuant to those stipulations or that expire by the passage of time.

Administration Costs

The accompanying financial statements do not reflect certain administration costs, which are paid for by other sources of funding from the Department. These costs include the Department's and State's overhead costs which the Department does not assess to the Fund, since they are not practical to determine.

Fund Accounts

The Fund consists of the State revolving fund ("SRF") and non-SRF activity. The SRF activity consists exclusively of federal capitalization grant loans, state matching contributions, principal loan repayments, and interest from loans and other earning assets. Non-SRF activity consists of administration loan fees and federal set aside funds.

Expenses

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets presents expenses on a functional basis. The natural classifications of expenses are presented in the supplemental schedule of expenses.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2003, the GASB issued Statement No. 42, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for impairment of capital assets and also clarifies and establishes accounting requirements for insurance recoveries. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2004. Management does not believe this Statement will have a material effect on its financial statements.

In April 2004, the GASB issued Statement No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pension Plans. This Statement establishes uniform standards of financial reporting by state and local governmental entities for other post employment benefit plans ("OPEB plans"). OPEBs refer to post employment benefits other than pensions. The provisions of this Statement are effective for the State of Hawaii for the year beginning after December 15, 2005. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on its financial statements.

In June 2004, the GASB issued Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postretirement Benefits Other Than Pensions. This Statement establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of other postretirement benefits expense/expenditures and related liabilities (assets), note disclosures and required supplementary information in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. The provisions of this Statement are effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2006. Management has not yet determined the effect this Statement will have on its financial statements.

3. Loans Receivable

At June 30, 2005, loans receivable from government entities were as follows:

Five loans receivable from the County of Hawaii, due in semi-annual payments including interest at 1.01% to 1.37%, commencing not later than one year after project completion, notice to proceed, or loan agreement date. Final payment is due not later than twenty years after project completion.	\$ 2,905,355
Seven loans receivable from the County of Kauai, due in semi-annual payments including interest at .46% to 1.37%, commencing not later than one year after project completion, notice to proceed, or loan agreement date. Final payment is due not later than twenty years after project completion.	4,829,353
One loan receivable from the County of Maui, due in semi-annual payments including interest at 1.55%, commencing not later than one year after project completion, notice to proceed, or loan agreement date. Final payment is due not later than twenty years after project completion.	6,076,202
not later shall swonly yours after project completion.	
Less current portion	 13,810,910 772,893
Noncurrent portion	\$ 13,038,017

Loans mature at various dates through 2025. The scheduled principal payments on loans maturing in subsequent years are as follows:

2006	\$ 772,893
2007	796,370
2008	806,786
2009	817,918
2010	828,644
Thereafter	9,788,299
	\$ 13,810,910

Accrued interest on loans amounted to \$40,350 at June 30, 2005. Interest income from loans amounted to \$181,344 for the year ended June 30, 2005.

Management believes that all loans will be repaid according to the loan terms; accordingly, no provision for uncollectible amounts has been recorded.

At June 30, 2005, the following amounts were committed to be loaned out under existing loan agreements:

City and County of Honolulu	\$ 24,779,092
County of Hawaii	1,168,109
County of Kauai	4,177,192
County of Maui	6,963,440
	\$ 37,087,833

4. Contributed Capital

The Fund is capitalized by grants from the EPA and matching funds from the State. Through June 30, 2005, the EPA has awarded \$58,746,600 to the State, of which \$16,074,767 has been drawn for loans and administrative expense. The following summarizes the EPA capitalization grants awarded, amounts drawn on each grant, and the balances available for future loans at June 30, 2005:

Budget Period	Amount	Fotal Draws at June 30, 2004	Total 2005 Cash Draws	Funds Available
12/05/97 — 09/30/05 09/24/98 — 09/30/06 02/04/00 — 09/30/07 02/26/01 — 06/30/08 09/01/02 — 09/30/08 10/01/03 — 06/30/11	\$ 12,558,800 7,121,300 7,463,800 7,757,000 7,789,100 8,052,500	\$ 11,341,402 2,341,193 1,009,328 75,000 24,000	\$ 118,048 981,920 140,028 43,848	\$ 1,099,350 3,798,187 6,314,444 7,638,152 7,765,100 8,052,500
04/04/04 — 06/30/11	\$ 8,004,100 58,746,600	\$ 14,790,923	\$ 1,283,844	\$ 8,004,100 42,671,833

Through June 30, 2005, the Fund was in compliance with the 20% matching requirement. The required State match through June 30, 2005 amounted to \$11,749,320, of which \$3,968,748 has been utilized and \$7,780,582 is available to be loaned out at June 30, 2005.

5. Capital Assets

Summary of capital assets at June 30, 2005 is as follows:

	Balance at June 30, 2004 Addition		Additions	tirements/ Transfers	Balance at June 30, 2005		
Equipment Less accumulated depreciation	\$	588,471 329,572	\$	139,088 184,732	\$ (18,367) (18,367)	\$	709,192 495,937
	\$	258,899	\$	(45,644)	\$ -	\$	213,255

6. Due from Other Funds

Advances to other government agencies at June 30, 2005 were as follows:

Environmental Management, Public Water
System Supervision \$ 225,000
Environmental Management, Environmental
Resources Office 50,000
\$ 275,000

7. Employee Benefit Plans

Employees' Retirement System

Substantially all eligible employees of the Department are members of the Employees' Retirement System of the State of Hawaii ("ERS"), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement plan. The ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. All contributions, benefits, and eligibility requirements are established by Chapter 88, HRS, and can be amended by legislative action.

The ERS is composed of a contributory retirement option and a noncontributory retirement option. Prior to July 1, 1984, the ERS consisted of only a contributory option. In 1984, legislation was enacted to add a new noncontributory option for members of the ERS who are also covered under social security. Persons employed in positions not covered by social security are precluded from the contributory option. The noncontributory option provides for reduced benefits and covers most eligible employees hired after June 30, 1984. Employees hired before that date were allowed to continue under the contributory option or to elect the new noncontributory option and receive a refund of employee contributions. All benefits vest after five and ten years of credited service under the contributory and noncontributory options, respectively. Both options provide a monthly retirement allowance based on the employee's age, years of credited service, and average final compensation ("AFC"). The AFC is the average salary earned during the five highest paid years of service, including the vacation payment, if the employee became a member prior to January 1, 1971. The AFC for members hired on or after that date and prior to January 1, 2003, is based on the three highest paid years of service, excluding the vacation payment. Effective January 1, 2003, the AFC is the highest three calendar years or highest five calendar years plus lump sum vacation payment, or highest three school contract years, or last 36 credited months or last 60 credited months plus lump sum vacation payment. Contributions for employees of the Department are paid from the State general fund.

Most covered employees of the contributory option are required to contribute 7.8 percent of their salary. The funding method used to calculate the total employer contribution requirement is the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, employer contributions to the ERS are comprised of normal cost plus level annual payments required to amortize the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over the remaining period of 29 years from July 1, 2000.

Actuarial valuations are prepared for the entire ERS and are not separately computed for each department or agency. Information on vested and nonvested benefits and other aspects of the ERS is also not available on a department or agency basis.

ERS issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") that includes financial statements and required supplementary information, which may be obtained from the following address:

Employees' Retirement System of the State of Hawaii 201 Merchant Street, Suite 1400 Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

Post-retirement Health Care and Life Insurance Benefits

In addition to providing pension benefits, the State, pursuant to Chapter 87, HRS, provides certain health care and life insurance benefits to all qualified employees. For employees hired before July 1, 1996, the State pays the entire monthly health care premium for those retiring when ten or more years of credited service, and 50 percent of the monthly premium for those retiring with fewer than ten years of credited service. For employees hired after June 30, 1996, and retiring with fewer than ten years of service, the State makes no contributions. For those retiring with at least ten years but fewer than 15 years of service, the State pays 50 percent of the retired employees' monthly Medicare or non-Medicare premium. For employees hired after June 30, 1996, and retiring with at least 15 years but fewer than 25 years of service, the State pays 75 percent of the retired employees' monthly Medical or non-Medicare premium; and for those retiring with over 25 years of service, the State pays the entire health care premium. Free life insurance coverage for retirees and free dental coverage for dependents under age 19 is also available. Retirees covered by the medical portion of Medicare are eligible to receive a reimbursement for the basic medical coverage premium. Contributions are financed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Effective July 1, 2003, the EUTF replaced the Hawaii Public Employees Health Fund under Act 88, SLH of 2001. The EUTF was established to provide a single delivery system of health benefits for state and county employees, retirees, and their dependants.

8. Commitments and Contingencies

Insurance Coverage

Insurance coverage is maintained at the State level. The State is self-insured for substantially all perils including workers' compensation. Expenditures for workers' compensation and other insurance claims are appropriated annually from the State's general fund.

The Department is covered by the State's self-insured workers' compensation program for medical expenses of injured Department employees. However, the Department is required to pay temporary total and temporary partial disability benefits as long as the employee is on the Department's payroll. Because actual claims liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities may be re-evaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors.

Workers' compensation benefit claims reported as well as incurred but not reported were reviewed at year end. The estimated losses from these claims are not material.

Deferred Compensation Plan

The State offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The plan, available to all state employees, permits employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

All plan assets are held in a trust fund to protect them from claims of general creditors. The State has no responsibility for loss due to the investment or failure of investment of funds and assets in the plan, but has the duty of due care that would be required of an ordinary prudent investor.

Supplementary	Information

State of Hawaii Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund Schedule of Cash Receipts, Disbursements and Cash Balance June 30, 2005

Receipts	
Principal repayments on loans	\$ 730,131
Interest income from loans	181,382
State contributions	1,611,000
Federal contributions	1,283,843
Administrative loan fees	436,054
Other interest	335,728
Repayments from other funds	220,000
Other income	240
Total receipts	4,798,378
Disbursements	
Disbursement of loan proceeds	941,992
State program management	370,543
Administrative	341,822
Water protection program	184,705
Small systems	65,000
Advances to other funds	275,000
Total disbursements	2,179,062
Excess of receipts over disbursements	2,619,316
Cash balance at June 30, 2004	12,108,106
Cash balance at June 30, 2005	\$ 14,727,422

State of Hawaii Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund Combining Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2005

		SRF Activity	Non-SRF Activity	Total
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents in State Treasury	\$	14,350,127	\$ 377,295	\$ 14,727,422
Loan fees receivable		_	105,776	105,776
Accrued interest on loans		40,350	-	40,350
Other accrued interest		33,114	-	33,114
Due from other funds		-	275,000	275,000
Due from federal government		766,205	584,937	1,351,142
Current maturity of loans receivable	*****	772,893	 	 772,893
Total current assets		15,962,689	1,343,008	17,305,697
Loans receivable, net of current maturities		13,038,017	<u>.</u>	13,038,017
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		•	 213,255	 213,255
Total assets	\$	29,000,706	\$ 1,556,263	\$ 30,556,969
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$		\$ 64,780	\$ 64,780
Total current liabilities		<u>.</u>	64,780	64,780
Net assets				
Invested in capital assets			213,255	213,255
Restricted		29,000,706	 1,278,228	30,278,934
Total net assets		29,000,706	 1,491,483	 30,492,189
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	29,000,706	\$ 1,556,263	\$ 30,556,969

State of Hawaii Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets June 30, 2005

	SRF Activity		Non-SRF Activity		Total	
Operating revenues Interest earnings from loans Administration loan fees	\$	181,344	\$	437,045	\$	181,344 437,045
Total operating revenues		181,344		437,045	-	618,389
Operating expenses State program management Administrative Water protection Small systems	Perford and construction and constructio	- - -		414,796 343,695 203,680 97,500	E-TAX Marketine	414,796 343,695 203,680 97,500
Total operating expenses		-		1,059,671	***********	1,059,671
Operating income (loss)		181,344		(622,626)		(441,282)
Nonoperating revenues State contribution Federal contribution Other interest earnings Other income		,611,000 807,531 364,214		617,508 - 240		1,611,000 1,425,039 364,214 240
Total nonoperating revenues	2	,782,745	-	617,748	*********	3,400,493
Changes in net assets	2	,964,089		(4,878)		2,959,211
Net assets at July 1, 2004	26	,036,617		1,496,361	2	27,532,978
Net assets at June 30, 2005	\$ 29	,000,706	\$	1,491,483	\$:	30,492,189

State of Hawaii Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund Schedule of Expenses June 30, 2005

	SRF Activity	Non-SRF Activity		Total
Professional services	\$ 	\$	336,690	\$ 336,690
Personnel			319,280	319,280
Depreciation	-		166,356	166,356
Services rendered by other state agencies	•••		112,938	112,938
Repairs and maintenance	-		78,572	78,572
Travel	-		39,475	39,475
Non-state employee services on a fee basis	•		25,000	25,000
Rental	lené:		11,359	11,359
Equipment – small tool and supplies	***		9,657	9,657
Training			9,010	9,010
Telephone	-		5,795	5,795
Advertising and printing	-		3,012	3,012
Utilities			1,703	1,703
Office and other supplies	nee*		(75,603)	(75,603)
Miscellaneous	 		16,427	 16,427
Total	\$ -	\$	1,059,671	\$ 1,059,671



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Report of Independent Auditors on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

The Auditor State of Hawaii

We have audited the financial statements of the State of Hawaii, Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated October 28, 2005. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the State of Hawaii, Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be material weaknesses. A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted no matters involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the State of Hawaii, Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the State of Hawaii, Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund in a separate letter dated October 28, 2005.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Auditor; the State of Hawaii, Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund's management; the State of Hawaii, Department of Health's management; and the United States Environmental Protection Agency. However, this report is a matter of public record and distribution is not limited.

Proceedings

Proceedings

Procedure

**Procedure*

Honolulu, Hawaii October 28, 2005



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Report of Independent Auditors on Compliance with the Requirements Applicable to the Environmental Protection Agency's Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Program in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

The Auditor State of Hawaii

We have audited the financial statements of the State of Hawaii, Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund (the "Fund") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated October 28, 2005.

We have also audited the Fund's compliance with requirements governing:

- Allowability for Specific Activities
- Allowable Costs/Cost Principles
- Cash Management
- State Matching
- Period of Availability of Funds and Binding Commitments
- Program Income
- Reporting
- Subrecipient Monitoring, and
- Special Tests and Provision

that are applicable to its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2005. The management of the State of Hawaii, Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan is responsible for the Fund's compliance with these requirements. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on those requirements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Environmental Protection Agency Audit Guide for Clean Water and Drinking Water State Revolving Fund Programs*. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the requirements referred to above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Fund's compliance with those requirements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion the State of Hawaii, Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund complied, in all material respects, with the requirements governing types of activities and types of service and types of

costs allowed or unallowed; matching; level of effort or earmarking requirements; special reporting requirements; special tests or provisions, and claims for advances and reimbursements that are applicable to its major Federal financial assistance program for the year ended June 30, 2005.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Auditor; the State of Hawaii, Drinking Water Treatment Revolving Loan Fund's management; the State of Hawaii, Department of Health's management; and the United States Environmental Protection Agency. However, this report is a matter of public record and distribution is not limited.

Priwaterhouse Coopers CCP

Honolulu, Hawaii October 28, 2005